5 Key Concepts of Strategic Planning Explained

Strategic planning is a systemic process through Which an organisation agrees on- and builds commitment among key stakeholders to -prioritise that are essential to its mission and are responsive to the environment. Strategic planning guides the acquisition and allocation of resources to achieve these priorities.



Strategic

The process is strategic because it involves choosing how best to respond to the circumstances of a dynamic and sometimes hostile environment.





Systematic

The process raises a sequence of questions that helps planner examine past experiences, test old assumptions, gather and incorporate new information and anticipate the environment in which organization will be working in future.





Choosing priorities

The collection of data surfaces the variety of choices about what the organization will and will not do. Strategic planning involves analysis of implications and making choices





Building Commitments

Systematically engaging stakeholders including clients, and community allows a broad consensus to be built, resulting in enhanced accountability throughout the organization. The commitments ensures that a strategic plan will actively be used for guidance and inspiration.





Acqusition and allocation of resources

Strategic plan helps leaders make proactive and realistic choices between competing funding strategies and between spending for various program and administrative needs.





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